OFFICE OF FOREIGN ASSETS CONTROL

REPORT OF LICENSING ACTIVITIES

PURSUANT TO

THE TRADE SANCTIONS REFORM AND EXPORT ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2000

April - June 2003

I. Overview

This report is submitted pursuant to Section 906(b) of the Trade Sanctions Reform and Export Enhancement Act of 2000 ("TSRA") and covers activities undertaken by the Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control ("OFAC") under Section 906(a)(1) of the TSRA from April through June 2003. On July 12, 2001, OFAC issued interim regulations with a request for public comment, implementing the TSRA. The regulations went into effect on July 26, 2001. Under these procedures, OFAC processes license applications requesting authorization to export agricultural commodities, medicine, and medical devices to Iran, Libya, and Sudan under the one-year specific licensing regime set forth in Section 906 of the TSRA.

There was a 9.7 percent increase in the number of license applications received during this reporting quarter from the prior quarter (134 for Jan.-Mar. 2003, 147 for Apr.-Jun. 2003). Most complete and eligible license applications¹ were not processed within the established time guidelines for license application review.² OFAC was able to issue licensing determinations³ on only 32.7 percent of the license applications received during the April – June 2003 period (compared to 36.6 percent for the Jan.-Mar. 2003 period).

The increased complexity and length of license applications (the majority of applications pertain to the export of medical devices to Iran) coupled with the more protracted scrutiny on the part of other reviewing agencies continued to affect processing time of license applications in this quarter of operation. The 30-day extension of the nine-business day review period by other agencies is now taken for virtually all cases. Interagency review exceeded the 30-day extension period in 50.3 percent of licensed cases (compared to 49.6 percent for Jan.-Mar. 2003). Of

¹ OFAC's Licensing Division forwards only complete and eligible license applications to the State Department.

² Federal Register/Vol. 66, No. 134/Thursday, July 12, 2001/Rules and Regulations, 36685, provides the following guidelines: The expedited process will include, when appropriate, referral of the one-year license request to other government agencies for guidance in evaluating the request. If no government agency raises an objection to or concern with the application within nine business days from the date of any such referral, OFAC will issue the one-year license, provided that the request otherwise meets the requirements set forth in this rule. If any government agency raises an objection to the request within nine business days from the date of referral, OFAC will deny the request for the one-year license. If any government agency raises a concern short of an objection with the request within nine business days from the date of referral, OFAC will deny the request for the one-year license. If any government agency raises a concern short of an objection with the request within nine business days from the date of referral, OFAC will deny the request for the one-year license. If any government agency raises a concern short of an objection with the request within nine business days from the date of referral, OFAC will delay its response to the license request for no more than thirty additional days to allow for further review of the request.

³A licensing determination is defined as any action, either intermediate or final, that OFAC takes on a license application. It may take the form of a license, a "return-without-action" letter, a general information letter, an interpretation letter, a denial letter, a telephone call, a fax, or an e-mail.

these cases, the review period exceeded the 30-day extended period by an average of 55.4 business days (compared to 63.2 business days for Jan.-Mar. 2003).

These cases are evaluated by other agencies both in terms of whether the foreign entities involved in the transaction "promote international terrorism," as required in section 906 of the TSRA, and in terms of whether the commodities at issue implicate independent export control regimes involving chemical or biological weapons or weapons of mass destruction as provided in section 904(2)(C) of the TSRA. Scrutiny of these cases on these grounds often results in requests for additional information by the reviewing agency, which neither the applicant nor OFAC can anticipate, causing additional delays in the review process.

II. Program Operation

From April 1 to June 30, 2003, OFAC's Licensing Division received a total of 147 license applications pursuant to Section 906(a)(1) of the TSRA. During this period, OFAC issued licensing determinations on 48 of the 147 license applications. A total of 143 licenses and 6 license amendments⁴ were issued from April through June (See Charts 1 and 2). On average, licenses and license amendments were issued within 75.8 business days of receipt of the application. Upon completion, 31.1 percent (47 in total)⁵ of the licenses and license amendments issued were sent via e-mail in Adobe Acrobat PDF format to licensees, a service greatly appreciated by licensees. In addition, OFAC issued one general information letter (average turnaround: 3 business days), 12 "return-without-action" letters ("RWA letters") (average turnaround: 10.8 business days), and 17 denial letters (average turnaround: 115 business days - also subject to interagency review) (See Graph 1). The average number of business days for the Licensing Division to issue a licensing determination in response to submissions to OFAC on any license application under the TSRA regulations was 73.7 business days, a decrease of 25.3 percent compared with last quarter's average of 98.6 business days. The total licenses issued, general information letters, RWA letters, and denial letters does not equal the number of license applications received because: 1) not all license applications received during this guarter were closed in this guarter; 2) some license applications pending from prior quarters of operation were closed in this quarter: 3) in some instances multiple applications from the same license applicant were combined into one license; and 4) a few license applications were handled via telephone, fax, or e-mail.

	Agricultural Commodities	Medicine	Medical Devices	TOTAL
License Applications	57	18	72	147
Licenses Issued	44	20	79	143
License Amendments Issued	1	0	5	6
Applications Denied	3	4	10	17

CHART 1 Number of License Applications and Licenses Issued by Product

⁴ A "license amendment" is an amendment to an existing license previously issued by OFAC. Some license amendment applications require interagency review, such as adding an additional end-user or additional commodities to an existing license.

⁵ Compared with 88.7 percent (102 in total) for Jan.-Mar. 2003.

CHART 2	
Number of License Applications and Licenses Issued by Countr	y

	Iran	Libya	Sudan	TOTAL
License Applications	132	8	7	147
Licenses Issued	124	10	9	143
License Amendments Issued	6	0	0	6
Applications Denied	16	1	0	17

GRAPH 1

Average Time for Issuing Licensing Determinations

(business days)



III. Conclusion

The average processing time for issuing licenses decreased by 31.5 percent to 75.8 business days in this quarter of operation from 110.8 business days previously, and the average time for issuing licensing determinations decreased by 25.3 percent to 73.7 business days versus 98.6 business days in the preceding quarter. The average time for issuing licenses and licensing determinations is projected to fall even lower in the next quarter.