#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

#### U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE

# GUIDANCE RELATING TO THE CONTINUATION OF CERTAIN TEMPORARY SANCTIONS RELIEF PURSUANT TO THE JPOA PRIOR TO IMPLEMENTATION OF THE JCPOA

On July 14, 2015, the United States and its partners in the P5 + 1 (China, France, Germany, Russia, and the United Kingdom, coordinated by the European Union's High Representative) reached a Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) with Iran that will verifiably prevent Iran from acquiring a nuclear weapon and ensure that Iran's nuclear program will be exclusively peaceful. The JCPOA builds on the foundation of the Joint Plan of Action (JPOA), achieved in November 2013, and the political framework announced in Lausanne on April 2, 2015. Under the JCPOA, Iran will receive phased sanctions relief once the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) verifies that Iran has implemented key nuclear-related commitments described in the JCPOA. The date on which sanctions relief under the JCPOA will commence is referred to hereinafter as "Implementation Day." Prior to Implementation Day, the U.S. Government (USG) will issue guidance related to the implementation of the sanctions relief provided for under the JCPOA.

The P5+1 and Iran also decided on July 14, 2015 to further extend through Implementation Day the nuclear commitments and sanctions relief provided for in the JPOA. Accordingly, during the period from January 20, 2014 through Implementation Day (the "JPOA Relief Period"), the USG will implement the limited JPOA relief as set out below. This JPOA sanctions relief is the only Iran-related sanctions relief that will be in effect until Implementation Day.

The USG retains the authority to impose sanctions under the authorities outlined below to the extent such activities are materially inconsistent with JPOA sanctions relief as outlined in this guidance. The USG also retains the authority to continue imposing sanctions under other authorities, such as those used to combat terrorism, destabilizing regional activity, and human rights violations. During the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will continue to vigorously enforce our sanctions against Iran, including by taking action against those who seek to evade or circumvent our sanctions.

With the exception of civil aviation activities described in section IV and the humanitarian channel described in section VI below, none of the sanctions relief outlined in this guidance may

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The suspension of sanctions pursuant to the JPOA applies only to activities that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period. As a general matter, the sanctions relief that will be provided following Implementation Day is of a broader scope than that provided during the JPOA Relief Period. Therefore, to the extent activities initiated during the JPOA Relief Period extend beyond Implementation Day (with the exception of activities under specific licenses of limited duration), such activities will not give rise to sanctions exposure. If at any point Iran materially breaches its commitments under the JCPOA, the USG has the ability to snap back sanctions. The USG will issue further guidance in the event that Implementation Day will not be reached or sanctions are snapped back.

involve a U.S. person, or, as applicable, a foreign entity owned or controlled by a U.S. person, if otherwise prohibited under any sanctions program administered by the USG.

#### I. Sanctions Related to Iran's Export of Petrochemical Products

The continued JPOA relief provides for the temporary suspension of U.S. sanctions on "*Iran's petrochemical exports, as well as sanctions on any associated services*." To implement this provision during the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will take the following steps to allow for the export of petrochemical products from Iran, as well as associated services, <sup>3</sup> by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to section 560.215 of the Iranian Transactions and Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. part 560 (ITSR), (hereinafter "non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR"):

1. Correspondent or Payable-Through Account Sanctions: The USG will not impose correspondent or payable-through account sanctions under section 1(a)(iii) of Executive Order (E.O.) 13622 (as amended by section 16(b) of E.O. 13645); section 3(a)(i) of E.O. 13645; and sections 561.204(a) and 561.204(b)(3) of the Iranian Financial Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. part 561 (IFSR), on foreign financial institutions that conduct or facilitate transactions that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR for exports of petrochemical products<sup>4</sup> from Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, including transactions involving the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance, provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance or any Iranian depository institutions<sup>5</sup> listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Consistent with section 218 of the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 and section 560.215 of the Iranian Transactions and Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. part 560 (ITSR), foreign entities that are owned or controlled by U.S. persons ("U.S.-owned or -controlled foreign entities") are subject to the ITSR.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For purposes of this continued JPOA sanctions relief, the USG interprets the term "associated service" to mean any necessary service – including any insurance, transportation, or financial service – ordinarily incident to the underlying activity covered by the continued JPOA relief, provided, however, that unless otherwise noted, such services may not involve persons identified on the Department of the Treasury's Office of Foreign Assets Control's (OFAC) List of Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons (SDN List). Insurance payments for claims arising from incidents that occur during the JPOA Relief Period may be paid subsequent to this period, so long as the underlying transactions and activities conform with U.S. sanctions in place at the time of payment and the terms of the sanctions relief provided by the JPOA. Insurance and reinsurance companies should contact the USG directly with any inquiries. U.S. persons and U.S.-owned or -controlled foreign entities remain prohibited from participating in the provision of insurance or reinsurance services to or for the benefit of Iran or sanctioned parties during the JPOA Relief Period, including with respect to all elements of the sanctions relief provided pursuant to the JPOA, unless specifically authorized by OFAC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> For purposes of this guidance, the USG is interpreting the term "petrochemicals," as used in the JPOA, as having the meaning given to the term "petrochemical products" in, *inter alia*, section 10(m) of E.O. 13622; therefore, the term includes any aromatic, olefin, and synthesis gas, and any of their derivatives, including ethylene, propylene, butadiene, benzene, toluene, xylene, ammonia, methanol, and urea. For further information on what products are considered to fall within this definition of "petrochemical products", see the November 13, 2012 State Department Sanctions Information and Guidance, 77 Fed. Reg. 67726-67731.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> For purposes of this guidance, as defined in section 14(g) of E.O. 13645, the term "Iranian depository institution" means any entity (including foreign branches), wherever located, organized under the laws of Iran or any jurisdiction within Iran, or owned or controlled by the Government of Iran, or in Iran, or owned or controlled by any of the

- 2. *Blocking Sanctions*: The USG will not impose blocking sanctions under section 2(a)(i)-(ii) of E.O. 13645 with respect to persons that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, materially assist, sponsor, or provide financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of, the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance for exports of petrochemical products from Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, provided that the activities do not involve persons on the SDN List other than the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.
- 3. *Menu-based Sanctions*: <sup>6</sup> The USG will not impose sanctions under section 2(a)(ii) of E.O. 13622 (as amended by section 16(d) of E.O. 13645) on non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR who engage in transactions exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period for exports of petrochemical products from Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, including transactions involving the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance, provided that the activities do not involve persons on the SDN List other than the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

#### II. Sanctions Related to Iran's Auto Industry

The JPOA provides for the temporary suspension of U.S. sanctions on "Iran's auto industry, as well as sanctions on associated services." To implement this provision during the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will take the following steps to allow for the sale, supply, or transfer to Iran of significant goods or services used in connection with the automotive sector of Iran, as well as the provision of associated services by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR:

1. Correspondent or Payable-through Account Sanctions: The USG will not impose correspondent or payable-through account sanctions under section 3(a)(ii) of E.O. 13645 with respect to foreign financial institutions that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, knowingly conduct or facilitate financial transactions for the sale, supply, or transfer to Iran of significant goods or services used in connection with the automotive sector of Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

foregoing, that is engaged primarily in the business of banking (for example, banks, savings banks, savings associations, credit unions, trust companies, and bank holding companies).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> E.O.s 13622 and 13645, among others, describe menus of sanctions that the USG may impose in response to certain conduct specified within other sections of the relevant E.O. For the purposes of this guidance, such sanctions are termed "Menu-based Sanctions."

2. *Menu-based Sanctions*: The USG will not impose sanctions described in sections 6 and 7 of E.O. 13645 with respect to persons that, as described in section 5(a) of E.O. 13645, knowingly engage in transactions for the sale, supply, or transfer to Iran of significant goods or services used in connection with the automotive sector of Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

### III. Sanctions Related to Gold and Other Precious Metals

The JPOA provides for the temporary suspension of U.S. sanctions on "gold and precious metals, as well as sanctions on associated services." To implement this provision during the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will take the following steps to allow for the sale of gold and other precious metals to or from Iran, as well as the provision of associated services, by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR:

- 1. Correspondent or Payable-through Account Sanctions: The USG will not impose correspondent or payable-through account sanctions under section 3(a)(i) of E.O. 13645 with respect to foreign financial institutions that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, conduct or facilitate transactions by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR for the purchase or acquisition of precious metals to or from Iran that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, provided that the funds for these purchases of gold and other precious metals may not be drawn from Restricted Funds, and further provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599 or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.
- 2. *Blocking Sanctions*: The USG will not impose blocking sanctions under section 5(a) of E.O. 13622; sections 2(a)(i)-(ii) of E.O. 13645; and section 560.211(c)(2) of the ITSR, with respect to persons that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, materially assist, sponsor, or provide financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services in support of, the purchase or acquisition of precious metals to or from Iran or by the Government of Iran if such activities are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, provided that the funds for these purchases of gold and other precious metals are not drawn from Restricted Funds, and further provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599 or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> For the purposes of this guidance, the term "Restricted Funds" refers to: (i) any existing and future revenues from the sale of Iranian petroleum or petroleum products, wherever they may be held, and (ii) any Central Bank of Iran (CBI) funds, with certain exceptions for non-petroleum CBI funds held at a foreign country's central bank.

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

## IV. Sanctions Related to Civil Aviation

The JPOA provides for the temporary licensing of "the supply and installation in Iran of spare parts for safety of flight for Iranian civil aviation and associated services. License safety related inspections and repairs in Iran as well as associated services." To implement this provision during the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will take the following steps:

- 1. Statement of Licensing Policy: OFAC is issuing a Third Amended Statement of Licensing Policy on Activities Related to the Safety of Iran's Civil Aviation Industry ("Third Amended SLP") to extend the date of the previously-issued statements of licensing policy to the end of the JPOA Relief Period. The Third Amended SLP will continue, during the JPOA Relief Period, a favorable licensing policy regime under which U.S. persons, U.S.-owned or -controlled foreign entities, and non-U.S. persons involved in the export of U.S.-origin goods can request specific authorization from OFAC to engage in transactions to ensure the safe operation of Iranian commercial passenger aircraft, including transactions involving Iran Air. Activities undertaken pursuant to specific licenses issued under the Third Amended SLP must be initiated and completed within the timeframe established in those specific licenses. In addition, OFAC announced on its website on July 14, 2015 that licenses granted under the Second Amended Statement of Licensing Policy on Activities Related to the Safety of Iran's Civil Aviation Industry that have an expiration date on or before July 14, 2015, are authorized to remain in effect according to their terms until Implementation Day.
- 2. Correspondent or Payable-through Account Sanctions: The USG will not impose correspondent or payable-through account sanctions under section 3(a)(i) of E.O. 13645 and section 561.201(a)(5)(ii) of the IFSR on foreign financial institutions that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, conduct or facilitate financial transactions relating to the type of activities covered by the Third Amended SLP that are conducted on behalf of non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR, provided such activities are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, and further provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than Iran Air or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.
- 3. *Blocking Sanctions*: The USG will not impose blocking sanctions under section 1(a)(iii) of E.O.13382; sections 2(a)(i)-(ii) of E.O. 13645; and section 544.201(a)(3) of the Weapons of the Mass Destruction Proliferators Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. part 544 (WMDPSR), with respect to persons that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, materially assist, sponsor, or provide financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services to or in support of, Iran Air in connection with activities intended to ensure the safe operation of Iranian commercial passenger aircraft, provided such activities are outlined in the JPOA and are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period and do not involve persons on the SDN List other than Iran Air or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

#### V. Sanctions Related to Iran's Export of Crude Oil

The JPOA provides for certain sanctions relief related to Iran's crude oil sales. Under the JPOA, the USG will "pause efforts to further reduce Iran's crude oil sales, enabling Iran's current customers to purchase their current average amounts of crude oil. Enable the repatriation of an agreed amount of revenue held abroad. For such oil sales, suspend U.S. sanctions on associated insurance and transportation services." To implement this provision during the JPOA Relief Period, the USG will take the following steps to allow for China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey to maintain their current average level of imports from Iran during the JPOA Relief Period and to render non-sanctionable a limited number of transactions for the release in installments of an agreed amount of revenue to Iran for receipt at participating foreign financial institutions in selected jurisdictions:

- 1. *Correspondent or Payable-through Account Sanctions*: The USG will not impose correspondent or payable-through account sanctions under sections 1(a)(i)-(ii) of E.O. 13622 (as amended by section 16(a) of E.O. 13645); section 3(a)(i) of E.O. 13645; and sections 561.201(a)(5), 561.204(a), and 561.204(b)(1)-(2) of the IFSR with respect to foreign financial institutions that conduct or facilitate transactions exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR for exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iran to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey, and associated insurance<sup>8</sup> and transportation services, that are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, including transactions involving the National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC) or the National Iranian Tanker Company (NITC), provided that the transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than NIOC, NITC, or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.<sup>9</sup>
- 2. *Blocking Sanctions*: The USG will not impose blocking sanctions under section 1(a)(iii) of E.O. 13382; section 5(a) of E.O. 13622; sections 2(a)(i)-(ii) of E.O. 13645; section 544.201(a)(3) of the WMDPSR; and section 560.211(c)(2) of the ITSR with respect to non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR that, exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period, materially assist, sponsor, or provide financial, material, or technological support for, or goods or services in support of, exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iran to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey, and associated insurance <sup>10</sup> and transportation services, including for activities involving NIOC or NITC, provided such activities are initiated and completed entirely within the

<sup>8</sup> See footnote 3 above for additional information regarding associated insurance payments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> For the purposes of the sanctions relief with respect to Iran's exports of crude oil described in this section, the term "associated insurance and transportation services" means insurance and transportation services ordinarily incident to the underlying activity covered by the JPOA, provided, however, such services may not involve persons on the SDN List other than NIOC, NITC, or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> See footnote 3 above for additional information regarding associated insurance payments.

JPOA Relief Period, and further provided that the activities do not involve persons on the SDN List other than NIOC, NITC, or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

3. *Menu-based Sanctions*: The USG will not impose sanctions under section 2(a)(i) of E.O. 13622 (as amended by section 16(c) of E.O. 13645) on non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR who engage in transactions exclusively during the JPOA Relief Period for exports of petroleum and petroleum products from Iran to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, or Turkey, and associated insurance <sup>11</sup> and transportation services, including transactions involving NIOC or NITC, provided such activities are initiated and completed entirely within the JPOA Relief Period, and further provided that the activities do not involve persons on the SDN List other than NIOC, NITC, or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599.

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

## VI. Facilitation of Humanitarian and Certain Other Transactions

The JPOA provides for the establishment of "a financial channel to facilitate humanitarian trade for Iran's domestic needs using Iranian oil revenues held abroad. Humanitarian trade [is] defined as transactions involving food and agricultural products, medicine, medical devices, and medical expenses incurred abroad. This channel could also enable transactions required to pay Iran's UN obligations...and direct tuition payments to universities and colleges for Iranian students studying abroad." In furtherance of the JPOA, the P5 + 1 and Iran established mechanisms to further facilitate the purchase of, and payment for, the export of food, agricultural commodities, medicine, and medical devices to Iran, as well as to facilitate Iran's payments of UN obligations, Iran's payments for medical expenses incurred abroad by Iranian citizens, and Iran's payments of an agreed amount of governmental tuition assistance for Iranian students studying abroad. The mechanisms will remain in place during the JPOA Relief Period. Foreign financial institutions whose involvement in hosting these new mechanisms was sought by Iran have been contacted directly by the U.S. Department of the Treasury and provided specific guidance.

The JPOA-related mechanism for humanitarian trade transactions is not the exclusive way to finance or facilitate the sale of food, agricultural commodities, medicine, and medical devices to Iran by non-U.S. persons not otherwise subject to the ITSR. Such sales are generally not sanctionable so long as the transactions do not involve persons designated in connection with Iran's support for international terrorism or Iran's proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (WMD) or WMD delivery systems. Therefore, transactions for the export of food, agricultural commodities, medicine, and medical devices to Iran generally may be processed pursuant to pre-existing exceptions and are not required to be processed through the new mechanism.

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> See footnote 3 above for additional information regarding associated insurance payments.

#### August 7, 2015

In addition, please see section VII below, which describes the exercise of certain waiver authorities relevant to the activities and transactions described in this section.

### VII. Waivers

To enable the implementation during the JPOA Relief Period of the sanctions relief outlined in the JPOA and described in detail in sections I through VI of this guidance, the USG has renewed, as needed, limited waivers of sanctions under: section 1245(d)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (NDAA) in connection with exports of crude oil from Iran to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey and for transactions related to the release in installments of an agreed amount of revenues to Iran for receipt at participating foreign financial institutions in selected jurisdictions, as well as select transactions within the scope of the waiver of Sections 1245(a)(1) and 1245(c) of IFCA described below, and the establishment of the financial channel provided for in the JPOA; section 302(a) of the Iran Threat Reduction and Syria Human Rights Act of 2012 with respect to certain transactions involving NIOC; section 5(a)(7) of the Iran Sanctions Act of 1996 with respect to certain transactions involving NIOC and NITC; and the following sub-sections of the Iran Freedom and Counter-Proliferation Act of 2012:

- 1. 1244(c)(1) to the extent required for transactions by non-U.S. persons (and, in the case of the civil aviation activities described in section IV, U.S. persons): (i) for Iran's export of crude oil to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than NIOC and NITC; (ii) for the export from Iran of petrochemical products, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance; (iii) for the sale of precious metals to or from Iran, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599; and (iv) for the supply and installation of spare parts necessary for the safety of Iranian civil aviation flights and for safety-related inspections and repairs in Iran, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than Iran Air.
- 2. 1244(d) to the extent required for transactions by non-U.S. persons related to Iran's export of crude oil to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than NIOC and NITC.
- 3. 1245(a)(1)(A) and 1245(c) to the extent required for transactions by non-U.S. persons for the sale, supply, or transfer of precious metals to or from Iran, provided that such transactions do not involve persons on the SDN List other than any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599 or any Iranian depository institutions listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599, and further provided that such transactions do not involve funds credited to an account located outside Iran pursuant to section 1245(d)(4)(D)(ii)(II) of NDAA.
- 4. 1246(a) to the extent required for transactions by non-U.S. persons (and, in the case of the civil aviation activities described in section IV, U.S. persons) for: (i) Iran's exports of

#### August 7, 2015

crude oil to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than NIOC and NITC; (ii) the export from Iran of petrochemical products, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than the petrochemical companies listed in the Annex to this guidance; (iii) the sale of precious metals to or from Iran, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran listed solely pursuant to E.O. 13599; (iv) the sale, supply, or transfer to Iran of goods and services used in connection with the automotive sector of Iran, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List; and (v) the supply and installation of spare parts necessary for the safety of Iranian civil aviation flights and for safety-related inspections and repairs in Iran, excluding any transactions involving persons on the SDN List other than Iran Air.

5. 1247(a) – to the extent required for transactions by foreign financial institutions on behalf of: (i) NIOC and NITC related to Iran's exports of crude oil to China, India, Japan, the Republic of Korea, Taiwan, and Turkey; (ii) the entities listed in the Annex to this guidance for the export of petrochemical products from Iran; (iii) any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of the Government of Iran on the SDN List solely pursuant to E.O. 13599 for the sale of precious metals to or from Iran; and (iv) Iran Air for the supply and installation of spare parts necessary for the safety of Iranian civil aviation flights and for safety-related inspections and repairs in Iran.

#### **ANNEX**

- 1. Bandar Imam Petrochemical Company;
- 2. Bou Ali Sina Petrochemical Company;
- 3. Ghaed Bassir Petrochemical Products Company;
- 4. Iran Petrochemical Commercial Company;
- 5. Jam Petrochemical Company;
- 6. Marjan Petrochemical Company;
- 7. Mobin Petrochemical Company;
- 8. National Petrochemical Company;
- 9. Nouri Petrochemical Company;
- 10. Pars Petrochemical Company;
- 11. Sadaf Petrochemical Assaluyeh Company;
- 12. Shahid Tondgooyan Petrochemical Company;
- 13. Shazand Petrochemical Company; and
- 14. Tabriz Petrochemical Company.